AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Original) A method of conflict assessment using a relational database stored on a source medium loaded onto a computer system, comprising the steps of:

selecting a country and time period to analyze;

determining if the database contains enough information to perform a base assessment of the selected country;

gathering up-to-the-moment information by Internet searches;

analyzing the information to determine the level of conflict indicators; factoring the present state of each indicator and the indicators' cumulative value against past conflict assessments by determining the rate of change in the state of conflict and the differences in the contributing factors; and

outputting the assessment data results for a user to view.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of determining if the database contains enough information further comprises the steps of:

searching all pre-determined online sources; searching database files and determining the information reliability.

- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2. wherein said database files include categories of government, people, economy, geography, communication/transportation, military, health, domestic security, and international areas.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the step of determining the information reliability further comprises the steps of:

corroborating information; determining computational relationships; identifying informational holes; and determining source reliability ratings.

- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said source medium is a high density 3 ½ inch diskette.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said source medium is a CD-ROM disk.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of analyzing the information to determine the level of indicators further comprises the steps of:

determining indicator rankings for the selected country;

determining each indicator's weighted values for the selected country

[county];

and

determining the presence of anomalies that effect the ranked indicators.

8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of determining the rate of change in the state of conflict and the differences in the contributing factors further comprises the steps of:

placing a composite value of the indicators onto a historical graph of previous conflict assessments;

determining the delta of the composite value and the delta of each indicator value from the last assessment;

determining if automatic alerts or warnings should be issued based on predetermined criteria; and placing the composite values and the delta information of the selected country onto a conflict assessment framework, wherein said framework comprises five stages of conflict that track where the selected country falls with respect to the probability of conflict arising.

- 9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein said five stages include root causes, intermediate causes, transition, transformation of the State, and outcome.
- 10. (Original) A storage media containing a database program for assessing and determining conflicts using a computer, said program comprising:

one code segment which loads/sets up said program onto said computer; one code segment which determines if the program's internal database contains enough information to perform a base assessment on the selected input;

one code segment which gathers additional information when needed to perform said base assessment;

one code segment which performs an indicator analysis;

one code segment which compares the present state of said indicators and said indicators' cumulative values against past assessments;

one code segment which determines the rate of change in a state of conflict and the differences in contributing factors; and

one code segment which outputs assessment data results for the user to view.

11. (New) A method of conflict assessment using a relational database stored on a source medium loaded onto a computer system, comprising the steps of: selecting a country and time period to analyze;

determining if the database contains enough information to perform a base assessment of the selected country;

gathering up-to-the-moment information by Internet searches by determining indicator rankings for the selected country, determining each indicator's weighted values for the selected country, and determining the presence of anomalies that effect the ranked indicators;

factoring the present state of each indicator and the indicators' cumulative value against past conflict assessments by determining the rate of change in the state of conflict and the differences in the contributing factors; and

outputting the assessment data results for a user to view.

12. (New) The method of claim 11, wherein the step of determining the rate of change in the state of conflict and the differences in the contributing factors further comprises the steps of:

placing a composite value of the indicators onto a historical graph of previous conflict assessments;

determining the delta of the composite value and the delta of each indicator value from the last assessment;

determining if automatic alerts or warnings should be issued based on predetermined criteria; and

placing the composite values and the delta information of the selected country onto a conflict assessment framework, wherein said framework comprises five stages of conflict that track where the selected country falls with respect to the probability of conflict arising.

13. (New) The method of claim 12, wherein said five stages include root causes, intermediate causes, transition, transformation of the State, and outcome.

14. (New) A conflict assessment method, comprising maintaining a relational database of information relating to countries, qualitative indicators and quantitative indicators;

updating the database with current information;

analyzing the information to determine a plurality of level of conflict indicators for a country; and

determining a rate of change of conflict in the country.

- 15. (New) The method of claim 14, wherein the qualitative indicators comprise legacy of vengeance-seeking group grievance or group paranoia.
- 16. (New) The method of claim 14, wherein the qualitative indicators comprise criminalization and/or delegitimization of the country.
- 17. (New) The method of claim 14, wherein the qualitative indicators comprise the operation of a security apparatus as a state within a state.
- 18. (New) The method of claim 14, wherein the qualitative indicators comprise rise of factionalized elites.
- 19. (New) The method of claim 14, wherein the qualitative indicators comprise intervention of other states.